GREAT LIBERAL DEMONSTRATION AT YARMOUTH.

SPEECH BY MR. LLOYD GEORGE.

On Wednesday evening the Yarmouth Hippodrome was packed from one end to the other with the largest number of persons that ever met together at a political gathering in the borough, and from start to finish the meeting was a great triumph for the new Secretary of the Liberal party at Yarmouth, Mr. Walter Belcher. While the audience was assembling political songs were sung to popular tunes, and selections given by the Band. Miss Ada Cooper sang "God save the People," and Mr. J. Grice sang "Dear Old Native Land." Both were encored. "Auld Lang Syne" was sung as the speakers and supporters came on to the platform, the subject of Mr. Lloyd George, M.P. for Carnarvon District, being the signal for enthusiastic cheering. A great welcome was also accorded to Mr. R. Bateman, M.P. for East Norfolk, and Mr. J. Martin White, Liberal Candidate for Yarmouth.

Mr. R. J. PRICE, M.P., who presided, contended that the country had prospered very far from well. When he was a boy, a penny on an income-tax produced a million of money; now it produced a hundred £2,600,000. Poor people were much better off; there were not so many unemployed, and Free Trade had improved the condition of working men all round. In almost every respect the life of the poor man was better than before. (Cheers.)

Mr. LLOYD-GEORGE, M.P., proposed the following resolution:—"That this meeting affirms its unshakeable faith in the principles of Free Trade, and declares that by inefficient administration, by extravagant expenditure, by its retrograde industrial policy, and by the violation of the principles of civil and religious liberty, the present Government, and those members and its supporters in the House of Commons neither have, nor deserve to have, the support of the country. This meeting further pledges itself to use its utmost endeavours to ensure that the present Administration is replaced at the next election by a Liberal Government, in whose hands the welfare of the people, the prosperity of the trade, and the stability of the Empire may be more safely entrusted." Speaking on the resolution, he said it was important that there should be a change of Government, but it was still more important that there should be a change in the policy of the Government. There were two questions of primary education in this country. We were about the only country in this world which adopted a dual policy in education. There existed here all the same. There was first of all the popular system by which children were promoted solely according to their merits, and under which no one had a right to make inquiries as to the religious opinions of their parents. Then there was another system under which children were promoted solely according to their merits, and under which no one had a right to make inquiries as to the religious opinions of their parents. Then there was a